## 2022 FRUIT TREE LIST



#### **ALMONDS**

#### ALMOND ALL IN ONE

All-In-One produces heavy crops of softshell nuts with sweet, flavourful kernels. This variety can be grown in Northern areas as it needs less winter chilling than other selections but needs a hot summer to ripen. Frost hardy. Semi dwarf - 4.5m.

#### \$56.00 ALMOND MONOVALE

Monovale produces hard-shell nuts with good flavour. Due to their strong flavour this variety can be used for Marzipan. A heavy cropper and good pollinator. Disease hardy variety. Vigorous grower.

#### **APPLES**

#### APPLE BALLARAT

A heritage Apple which bears large apples that are ripe towards the end of April. The fruit are green with a red blush and the cream flesh is lovely and juicy. A great apple for cooking - it stores very well too.

#### \$42.00 APPLE BELLE DE BOSKOOP

A large, orange-red, russeted heritage apple. Popular in Europe as a cooking & fresh eating apple. Apple is firm and crisp, with full, tart flavour. It is very aromatic & gets sweeter in storage. Stores for 3-4 months or more. Forms an open, wide-spreading and weeping tree. Spur bearing, crops mid to late season. Flowering Gp. 3 (Cox's Orange Pippin, Gala, Granny Smith). Triploid (needs 2 pollination partners nearby which must both be of different varieties & able to cross-pollinate each other as well as the Belle de Boskoop).

#### APPLE BENONI

An early season variety. A high-quality dessert apple with smooth yellowish-orange skin mostly covered with bright red and deep carmine striping. The yellow flesh is fine-grained, crisp and juicy. Will produce heavier crops when pollinated by other varieties such as Discovery, Kidd's Orange, Peasgood Nonsuch, Spartan & Worcester Pearmain.

#### APPLE CAPTAIN KIDS PIPPEN

A heritage apple with great disease resistance and excellent quality. Superb flavour and colour. Cox's Orange type. Fruit has bright-red streaks all over. Low spray requirements make it great for home gardens. Ripens March.

#### \$42.00 APPLE BRAEBURN

Medium-to-large fruit. Skin is green, shaded red. Firm, crisp & Damp; very juicy. Keeps well. Partial tip bearer, not recommended for espalier. Late season, ripens April/May.

#### \$42.00 APPLE COXS ORANGE

Cox's Orange Pippin is a sweet apple with rich and nutty flavoured flesh that is very aromatic, making this older variety still a hugely popular apple. This spur bearing variety ripens early to mid season.

\$42.00

\$56.00

\$42.00

\$42.00

#### APPLE DEVINE \$42.00 APPLE DISCOVERY \$42.00 Devine fruit has a mild sweetness with Creamy flesh with some faint reddish moderate acidity and light cottony crisp stains next to the skin, fine-grained, firm flesh - very similar to Royal Gala. Late and crisp. Juicy and mildly sweet-tart summer picking. Best flavoured when with a hint of strawberry. Flowering Gp. 3 refrigerated for up to 3 months. Black spot resistant - so great for organic growing. Self fertile. APPLE EARLY STRAWBERRY \$42.00 APPLE ERGERMONT RUSSET \$42.00 A medium sized apple which has a sweet Egremont Russet is a self fertile heritage aromatic flavour. Bright red in colour with apple. The fruit has a thick and distinctive crisp cream flesh that is sometimes streaked olive skin with sweet, nutty, firm flesh. with red. Would benefit from being The tree has an upright, compact habit so pollinated by another variety of apple such is suitable for container growing. Spur as Braeburn, Discovery, Hetlina and Gala. bearing mid season. APPLE FUJI \$42.00 APPLE GALAXY \$42.00 A large, crisp, fine-textured, sweet flavoured Galaxy is a more red clone of Royal Gala. apple. Pink speckled flush over a yellow-Bright orange-red flesh with red stripes green background. Excellent eating and over gold; inconspicuous fine russet dots. storage. Late season, ripening April/May. Medium sized fruit that is ribbed and Flowering Gp. 4(Peagood's Nonsuch, Granny crowned. Cavity medium, russet lined, Smith, Tydeman's Late Orange). N.B. not selfstalk long thin, flesh cream. Rich, fertile and needs a different variety honeyed, jucy with some of perfumed pollination partner. quality of Kidd's Orange Red. A variety that is grown in all major apple regions! APPLE GOLDEN DELICIOUS \$42.00 APPLE GRANNY SMITH \$42.00 Golden Delicious is a well known. The flesh is greenish white, firm and handsomely shaped eating apple. It's tall, coarse-grained. The apple is crisp sweetrich, yellow, slightly ribbed appearance sharp and refreshing. Flowering group 3 makes this a distinctive variety. Flesh is (Gala, Golden Delicuous, Granny Smith). cream, slightly tinged green with a crisp, Self-fertile. juicy sweet, honey flavour APPLE GREENMEADOWS COX \$42.00 APPLE HETLINA \$42.00 Medium greenish-yellow apple with bright Medium-sized red dessert apple. Flesh red strips. Early to mid-season variety. crisp and firm. Recognised for high Flavour is balanced between sweet and antioxidant levels. Forms a natural acidic. pyramid shape, needing little pruning. Ripens February/March. Flowering Gp 3. (Gala, Granny Smith, Peasgood Nonsuch). **APPLE LIBERTY** APPLE LOBO \$42.00 \$42.00

Widely accepted as tops in flavour of the Large dark red eating/baking apple.

early apples bred for disease resistance. Attractive red blushed apples with crisp, juicy flesh and a well-balanced sweet-tart flavour. Flavour develops during storage. Braeburn Type. Heavy bearer. Spur bearing.

APPLE LORD FREYBURG \$42.00 APPLE MONTY'S SURPRISE \$42.00

The flesh is white and crisp. Very sweet and nutty flavour with distinct hints of honey, pear and cinnamon. Anise flavours develop the longer it hangs on the tree. Well-defined, lingering aftertaste. Flowering gp 3(Gala, Golden Delicious, Granny Smith). N.B. it needs another variety to pollinate.

This versatile apple is hardy variety which cooks well. Originating from a very old tree in the Manawatu, this apple ripens late in the season. The skin has a shiny red stripe over a light green background. This disease hardy tree produces very large fruit that is high in health-boosting antioxidants.

Heavy cropper, disease-resistant. Stores

well. Canada, 1898.

#### APPLE MOTHER

An excellent heritage apple dating back to 1844. Widely acclaimed, late season (end of autumn) red apple, highly recommended for every fruit connoisseur's garden. The flavour is sweet, perfumed and distinct. The tree bears fruit from a young age. Deciduous.

#### \$42.00 APPLE NONTIT BASTARD

Greenish/Golden yellow w/red streaks. An eating applie with white flesh, juicy, crunchy. Flowering Gp.0 (Most white-flowering crabapples e.g Golden Hornet, Red Obelisk). \$42.00

\$42.00

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#### APPLE PACIFIC ROSE

New Zealand variety has distinctive, clear rose-pink skin. The flesh is firm, crisp and juicy with a rich-sweet taste. A Gala and Splendour cross, this apple reaches maturity mid-season. Flowering group O(white-flowering crabapple varieties). N.B. It is not self-fertile and needs a pollination partner of a different variety nearby.

#### \$42.00 APPLE PEASGOOD NONSUCH

A juicy fresh eating apple with a large, handsome and regular shape. This versatile apple cooks to a sweet and delicately flavoured puree, bakes well and makes a great addition to salads. A good, regular cropper and a reasonably disease resistant tree. Self fertile variety. Spur bearing in the mid-late season.

#### APPLE PRIMA

The Prima Apple has medium to large fruit and is an early season variety. Skin has a mostly red colour and the flesh is creamy-white and juicy. Resistant to black spot and is self-fertile. Suitable pollinators include Worcester Pearmain, Discovery and Gala.

#### \$42.00 APPLE RED SPY

Redspy, also called Red Northern Spy, is a rich ruby color over a green skin in contrast to the slightly lighter red of its parent, Northern Spy. It closely resembles Northern Spy, a large apple with spicy, sweet-tart flavor. Redspy's creamy-colored flesh is crisp, aromatic, and juicy. It is good for both fresh eating and cooking. Look for Redspy in mid-October. Late Season

#### APPLE DUAL ROYAL GALA/BRAEBURN

Red-striped with yellow background, crisp, juicy. Sweet(Gala),
Tart(Braeburn). Self-pollinating.
Flowering Gp. 4 (Peagood's Nonsuch,
Granny Smith, Tydeman's Late Orange).

#### \$50.00 APPLE ROYAL GALA

Creamy, fine textured flesh, crisp, sweet and juicy. Ripens February. Flowering group 0 (white-flowering crabapple varieties)

## **APPLE SPLENDOR**

Beautiful, large, carmine-red apples with creamy, very crisp flesh. Sweet and very low acid. Ripens late and hangs well on the tree. Fabulous winter keeper. Tip and spur bearing.

## \$42.00 APPLE STURMER

Clear white flesh with blush bronze over green skin. Excellent cooking and dessert quality apple. Mid to late-season variety that is partially self-fertile. Heavier crops are produced when pollinated by another variety such as Cox's Orange Pippin, Discovery, Granny Smith, Jonathan, Kidd's Orange Red and Scarlet Nonpareil.

#### **APPLE SUNRISE**

Sunrise produces large fruit that ripen around mid January. Yellow green skin with striking red stripes. One of the best early season apple varieties.

#### \$42.00 APPLE TELSTAR

Very rich and deep flavour, similar to 'Cox's', but with less acid and much more sweetness. The fruit has crisp flesh, and is of small to medium-size with flattened shape. Raised in NZ in

1934. Hybrid between Golden Delicious and Kidd's Orange.

#### APPLE TYDERMANS LATE ORANGE

Greenish yellow base colour over which is a orange red blush and broken stripes. Flesh is sweet, somewhat sharp, crisp, firm and juicy. Flowering Gp. 4 (Peagood's Nonsuch, Braeburn, Granny Smith).

#### APPLE WELLINGTON

Red-striped/blushed on green surface. Juicy, sweet, aromatic flesh. Flowering Gp.O(Most white-flowering crabapple such as Golden Hornet, Red Obelisk).

#### \$42.00 APPLE WANDIN GLORY

A weeping apple that has fruit ripening mid-summer. Fruit has redgreen skin and delicious sweet flesh. White blossoms in spring. Partially self-fertile, but best crops when planted with Golden Delicious, Gala, or Granny Smith. It grows to 3m (H) x 3m (W) in 10 years.

#### \$42.00 APPLE WINTER BANANA

Winter Banana is a highly attractive heritage variety. The fruit is bright yellow and blushes with a rosy pink. It has crisp, tangy, and juicy flesh that is highly aromatic with a mild, bananalike flavour. This apple cooks well and is great for juicing and eating as well. Fruit ripens late in the season. Partially self fertile

\$45.00

\$42.00

#### **APPLES - CIDER**

#### CIDER APPLE BROXWOOD FOXWELP

Deep crimson, yellow-striped skin. Acidic, white flesh. Flowering Gp.0 (Most white-flowering crabapples e.g. Golden Hornet, Red Obelisk). N.B. It is not self-fertile and needs a pollination partner of a different variety nearby. One of the oldest cider varieties.

#### \$42.00 CIDER APPLE KINGSTON BLACK

Green/yellow skin with dark-red wash. White, sweet, sharp flesh. Flowering Gp. 4 (Braeburn, Gala, Golden Delicious).

#### CIDER APPLE KNOTTED KERNEL

Waxy, yellow, washed red skin. Creamcoloured, sweet, mildly bitter flesh. Flowering Gp. 3 (Cox's Orange Pippin, Gala, Granny Smith).

#### \$42.00 CIDER APPLE SLACK MA GIRDLE

Sold Greenish, red-streaked skin. Crisp, Out white, sweet flesh. Flowering Gp. 2(Cox's Orange Pippin, Gravenstein, Egremont Russet).

# CIDER APPLE TOM PUTT

Green, washed red skin. Yellowish, redstained, crisp, juicy flesh. Flowering gp 3(Gala, Golden Delicious, Granny Smith). N.B. needs two pollinating partners of different varieties.

#### CIDER APPLE TREMLETTS BITTER \$42.00

Dark red skin. White, bittersweet flesh. Flowering Gp. 5 (Braeburn, Golden Delicious, Tydeman's Late Orange). N.B. It is not self-fertile and needs a pollination partner of a different variety nearby.

#### APPLE - CRAB (MALUS)

# MALUS GOLDEN HORNET CRAB APPLE

Golden-yellow skin. Pale pink blossom. Self-fertile.

#### \$45.00 MALUS JACK HUMM CRAB APPLE

Red, yellow-flushed skin. Strong producer with clusters of plum size fruit. Brilliant show of white flower blossoms. Hardy.

## **APRICOTS**

#### APRICOT CLUTHAGOLD

Cluthagold is a large, oval apricot with very good eating quality. Flesh is firm but melting, with very good flavour. Skin is orange with a lovely red blush. This tree is very hardy and has a vigourous, spreading habit and produces fruit that ripens two weeks after Sundrop and one day before Moorpark.

#### \$49.00 APRICOT MOORPARK

Moorpark is a freestone variety that has superbly flavoured fruit that are medium to large in size. Skin is deep yellow with orange blush that's fuzz free. The soft and juicy flesh of Moorpark allows the fruit to be suitable for fresh eating, bottling or drying. A mid-season variety best suited for cooler climates.

## APRICOT RAGLAN SEEDLING

Bright orange, blushed apricot with a beautiful, true apricot flavour. Small to medium sized fruit. Low chill apricot (meaning it will do well in the north, eg.

#### \$49.00 APRICOT ROYAL ROSA

Royal Rosa is a very early, freestone selection with firm tasty gold flesh, yellow skin with a red blush. A disease hardy, low chill selection recommended for home gardens throughout NZ.

\$49.00

\$45.00

\$42.00

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\$49.00

Auckland). Medium sized tree to 4m tall and wide. Well drained soil best.

#### APRICOT SUNDROP

Excellent cropper of large oval, yellow skinned fruit that are freestone with sweet and juicy flesh that ripens over a long season. Can be eaten fresh or used for preserving. Sundrop is Partially self-fertile and suitable for many regions.

#### APRICOT TREVATT

Large, sweet, and juicy, this golden yellow fruit ripens mid to late in season. Perfect for eating as well as bottling, this variety is recommended for most areas.

#### \$49.00 APRICOT TOMCOT

A very large, almost peach-sized fruit with a strong red blush over orange skin. High quality freestone fruit with an intense apricot flavour. Forms a compact tree, with masses of blossom in spring. Requires 600 chilling hours to set fruit.

# \$49.00

#### **AVOCADOS**

#### **AVOCADO HASS**

This variety of avocado is well suited for frost free areas of New Zealand. Bearing fruit regularly after 3 - 5 years with a rich nutty flavour, ovate shaped, medium sized fruit with a pebbled skin, dark when ripe. Protect from wind and frost in a well drained soil. Grows to H 5m x W 4m

#### \$45.00 AVOCADO REED

A handsome, sub-tropical evergreen tree selected for its tasty, cannon ball fruit. Fruit mature from February through June. Predominantly self fertile, although cross pollination with Fuerte or Bacon may improve fruit set. Mulch heavily and water as required. Feed regularly during spring & summer with a high nitrogen fertiliser. Prune to shape and size.

#### **BERRIES**

#### BERRYFRUIT - HYBRIDBERRY THORNLESS JEWEL™

Large, firm conical rich dark red/black berries. Old fashioned boysenberry flavour, juicy and sweet. A boysenberry cross. Size:  $2 \times 2.5$  metres
Habit - Thornless, heavy cropper. As a bramble this plant forms a great screen & can be cut back the following winter.
Easily grown on a berry frame or on wires against an unslightly wall/fence.
Pollination - Self-fertile, Harvest - Dec

### \$23.00 BERRY ELDERBERRY

An old Canadian variety with large, dark-red, juicy firm-fleshed fruit. Selffertile. Ripens late January. This is a low chill variety and will fruit in areas that don't get regular frosts

#### BERRY LOGANBERRY WAIMATE

Hybrid cross between Raspberry and Blackberry. Thornless. Plants are best grown with support from a boundary fence or similar as they have

#### \$23.00 BERRY WORCESTERBERRY

A cross between a black currant and a gooseberry. Great for eating fresh or cooking. Forms a large bush with spines. The fruit is ripe when it goes almost \$24.00

\$45.00

\$49.00

\$29.00

a trailing habit, try in a planter box against a wall, tied down with wire for support. Ideal in smaller gardens.

Nutritional Value: High in Vitamins C, A, and E, flavonoids and a fairly good source of essential fatty acids. How to Eat: Ideal for fresh summer fruit salads and making juice. Size: 2 - 3 metres

black. Prefers well drained moist soil. Plant in sun to part shade. Frost hardy. Deciduous.

#### **BLUEBERRY BLUE DAWN**

Blue  $Dawn^{TM}$  has delicious large dark blue fruit. Rabbiteye variety. Size: 1.5m - 2m

Habit: Attractive all year round; Spring -'Lily of the Valley' like pink tinged white flowers, Summer - delicious fruit, Autumn/Winter - display of burgundy wine autumn tones.

Pollination: Mostly by bees, some species are self-fertile, cross pollination will improve fruit size and yield. Cross pollination with Blue Magic or Tasty Blue.

Harvest: December to February. To ensure the best flavour leave fruit on bush for 7-10 days after turning blue.

#### **BLACKBERRY - BLACK SATIN**

Large glossy black conical fruit of excellent sweet flavour. Bred in USA. Habit: Thornless upright canes of serrated green leaves which turn to beautiful dark autumn colours. Size: 1.5m x 1.8m Pollination: Self-fertile Harvest in summer from February to March. Once the fruit have full colour leave on vine for a week to get the full sweetness.

#### **BOYSENBERRY MAPUA**

A semi thornless boysenberry with large berries, good picking.

#### **BOYSENBERRY STARLIGHT**

White flowers in early spring are followed by large firm conical dark wine-red berries of excellent flavour. Resistance to blackberry rust. PVR protected as Purple Star. Size - 1.5 x 3m Habit - Moderately vigorous thornless canes. Great grown against a fence and

#### \$23.00 BLUEBERRY SAPPHIRE BLUE

Sapphire Blue<sup>™</sup> has delicious large blue fruit on long arching canes. Rabbiteye variety. Size: -1.5 - 2m

Habit: Attractive all year round; Spring - 'Lily of the Valley' like pink tinged white flowers, Summer - delicious fruit, Autumn/Winter - display of burgundy

wine autumn tones. Small compact semi upright leafy plant, long arching canes. Pollination: Mostly by bees, cross pollination will improve fruit size & yield. Cross pollination with Blue Magic, Burst, Powder Blue, Sapphire Blue or Tasty Blue.

Harvest - January - February. To ensure the best flavour leave fruit on bush for 7-10 days after turning blue.

#### \$22.00 BOYSENBERRY BRULEE

White flowers in early spring are followed by heavy yeilds of large firm conical dark purple black berries of excellent flavour. Size - 1.5 x 3m Habit: Vigorous variety with thorns. Pollination: Self-fertile. Insect & bee pollinated.

Harvest: Late season variety cropping February - March with heavy yeilds under ideal conditions. Fruit are ready when they are easily removed.

#### \$23.00 BOYSENBERRY TASMAN

A stable, mostly spineless selection which crops well. Berry size is medium - large. Slightly earlier fruiting.

Moderately vigorous canes. 1.5m tall x 3m wide. Self-fertile. Best results in fertile well drained soil.

#### \$23.00 CRANBERRY - BERGMAN

Starry white-pale pink flowers in spring, followed later in autumn by fruits about 1-2 cm in diameter. Medium red fruit with a good flavour. The fruit are formed on the upright stems. Habit: Trailing evergreen ground cover with small dense dark green leaves

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can be trellised to create a cover or a backyard feature.

Pollination - Self-fertile. Insect and bee pollinated.

Harvest - Crops in December - January with heavy yeilds under the ideal conditions. Maturity is determined when full colour is reached and the fruit is easily removed.

#### **CRANBERRY - CROWLEY**

An attractive groundcover, with starry white flowers in spring. Great for spilling over banks and baskets. Grown commercially in the USA

- High in anti-oxidants, with a good source of Vitamin A and C.
- Cranberry juice and jellies.
- Great for acidic wet soils.
- Hardy and easy to grow.

### **CURRANT BLACK SEFTON**

Black Sefton requires less chilling than the traditional black current, will grow where raspberries grow. Large sweet fruit

Habit: Shrub of multi-stemmed canes with large soft green leaves which when crushed have a strong currant fragrance. Size: 1.5 x 2m decidious bush Pollination: Self-fertile but yield will increase if plant two or more plants. Harvest: Late December - February. The berries are firm and easily picked. Expect a few berries in the second year after planting, heavy crops by the fourth year. Then will be in production for ten years or more.

#### **GOOSEBERRY INVICTA**

A mildew resistant very heavy bearing selection. An easy to grow winner for the organic garden. Large, flavourful green fruit that hang in heavy clusters down the length of the branch. Berries are green and hairy when ripe. Ripens in December-January. A well shaped but

turning strong purple autumn tones in winter. Lower chill requirement than Crowley.

Size: Cranberries are low, creeping runners, each runner up to 2m long Pollination: Self-fertile Harvest - Mid-season (April). Harvest when red in colour but if left on the vine the early frosts can sweeten them. Will store for 5 months due to waxy surface.

#### \$20.00 MULBERRY HICKS EARLY

Dark red/black fruit (similar to a boysenberry) about 15mm long. Fruit form on year old wood. Will fruit in 2 years. Habit: Cross between Morus Alba x rubra. Fast growing deciduous tree with large oval serrated leaves. Size: Upright tree reaching 6 x 6m over 10 years. Pollination: Flowers appear early spring. Small yellow/green pendulous catkins separate male and female. The male is more slender than the female. Both appear on the one tree. Self fertile & wind pollination. More than one tree will increase fruit set. Harvest: Ideally spread a cloth below the tree and let fruit drop onto this as crop can continue for 3 months. Daily collection is ideal.

### \$20.00 CURRANT MAGNUS

Sprigs of shiny black round, juicy berries and fruit is borne on last season wood.

Shrub of multi-stemmed canes with large soft green leaves which when crushed have a strong currant fragrance. Magnus has a tart, sharp taste. They do sweeten when fully ripe. Can be eaten fresh but most commonly are made into jelly, jam, juice, ice cream, cordial and liqueur.

Self-fertile.

#### \$28.00 GOOSEBERRY PAX

A well shaped, slightly bristly fruit that is dark red when fully ripe. Berries are larger than Invicta. Good eating. The plants are very vigorous and spreading but can be shaped up by pruning. Produces occasional spines on young wood, but at maturity it is virtually spineless.

\$20.00

SOLD OUT

\$25.00

\$28.00

#### RASPBERRY IVORY

This vigourous and easy to grow plant produces delicious and unusual coloured, yellow-golden raspberries from December through till April. Grows around 1.75m high Position Full sun. Prefers free-draining soil rich in organic matter. Planting Dig a hole twice the size of the pot. Backfill, mixing in compost and sheep pellets, and then plant into the loosened soil. Train along a wire or use a frame to contain the canes. Care Feed regularly with sheep pellets or for a natural option use Aquaticus Organic Garden Booster. Water regularly through summer. Prune out weak. fruited and old canes in winter.

#### RASPBERRY ASPRING

Large dark red conical firm fruit. Excellent flavour.

Habit: This divine raspberry grows as a bramble on upright canes. Covered with rose type leaves, simple small white flowers are followed by luscious sweet delicate fruit. This is the prize that causes eager berry lovers to flock to pick-your-own patches. A strong and productive plant, which spreads fast and is one of the easiest of all to grow. Size: Canes are vigorous with a high number of strong upright canes. Dormant canes are dark brown with few spines.

Pollination: Self-fertile

Harvest: Summer and Autumn dual cropper. Summer fruit are on last years canes where winter chill is adequate.
Autumn fruit produced on the top 10-20

buds of new canes.

#### \$19.00 RASPBERRY TULAMEEN

Fruit is very large, glossy red, conical and firm. Excellent delicious flavour. Habit: Grows as a bramble on upright canes. Covered with rose type leaves, simple small white flowers are followed by luscious sweet delicate fruit. This is the prize that causes eager berry lovers to flock to pick-your-own patches. A strong and productive plant, which spreads fast and is one of the easiest of all to grow.

Size: Canes are vigorous with a high number of strong upright semi thornless canes.

Pollination: Self-fertile

Harvest: High yields of fruit mid-

summer (Feb).

#### \$19.00 RASPBERRY WAIAU

Light medium red, very large fruit easily removed when ripe.

Habit - grows as a bramble on upright canes. Covered with rose type leaves, simple small white flowers are followed by luscious sweet delicate fruit. A strong and productive plant, which spreads fast and is one of the easiest of all to grow.

Size - High number of semi-upright vigorous canes. Must attach to wires to avoid damage. Dormant canes are light brown with grey blooms and soft spines. Pollination-Self-fertile.

Harvest - Summer fruit. Grown in northern, central and southern districts.

\$19.00

\$19.00

ORANGEBERRY \$18.00

A native of Taiwan, this spectacular, fast-growing, evergreen groundcover is from the same family as Strawberries and Raspberries. Please Note: This is an amazing groundcover but a reluctant fruiter, the trigger for fruiting is still a mystery. However when it does fruit you will enjoy!

Medium sized bell-shaped fruit with orange flesh. Fruit are ripest when the calyx has reflexed to expose the berry fully. The fruit when ripe has a tangy flavour reminiscent of orange cordial.

Habit: Orangeberries are stunning with their dense mat of miniature, tough, dark-green, grape-like leaves that are frost tolerant and have a purple tinge during winter. An excellent plant for weed suppression or to stabilise banks, to prevent erosion, and wonderful in pots or hanging baskets with the rich foliage flowing over the sides, trim the edges to maintain size It is not just for ditches or slopes, it looks particularly nice when grown in a raised bed or planter and allowed to cascade over a wall or container. Some landscapes have difficult sites, such as hot, dry, erodible slopes or ditches where soil moisture fluctuates from very wet to very dry. Not many plants tolerate these conditions, but Orangeberry, Rubus pentalobus, is one that will. In fact, it not only survives, it thrives under harsh growing conditions. Size: 15-25cm tall, with a cover of, 2 square metres spread.

Pollination: Bees & insects, pollination may be the problem. Eg. cold or windy conditions that affect bee and insect activity at flowering (early spring). After research carried out it has now been established that orangeberry is in fact infertile and requires cross pollination from another member of the rubus family. Although our trials are still continuing we believe that raspberries and blackberries will pollinate the orangeberry.

Harvest: Delicate white flowers arrive in spring followed by bright orange fruit for Xmas. Ripe fruit "touch pick" to give berries with no woody core. Orangeberry takes 2-3 years to fruit. Early summer.

WORCESTERBERRY \$29.00

A cross between a black currant and a gooseberry. Great for eating fresh or cooking. Forms a large bush with spines. The fruit is ripe when it goes almost black. Prefers well drained moist soil. Plant is sun to part shade. Frost hardy. Deciduous.

#### **CITRUS**

#### **LEMON MEYER**

Hugely popular variety as the most cold hardy lemon variety. Low spreading tree habit with few thorns. Large juicy smooth-skinned fruit. Once tree is established, it will fruit all year round. Meyer lemons are thought to be a lemon crossed with either a mandarin or orange, so is a sweeter type of fruit, with a lemon-like appearance and flavour.

## LIME BEARSS (TAHITIAN)

A hardier hybrid of the Tahitian lime with small, thin skinned, deep green seedless fruit which turns lime-yellow at time of maturity. A great lime because of the high juice levels making it ideal for drinks and cooking. Plant in full sun in a warm position sheltered from wind and frost. Great for gardens or pots and planters.

#### \$24.00 LIME SUMBLIME

aka Key Lime. This variety is great for that small garden or entertaining area. It is also popular grown in pots for balcony living. The fruit is used in cooking and as decoration and flavour in drinks. These plants are classic additions to any garden. Evergreen. Compact upright. To  $1.5 \, \mathrm{m} \, \mathrm{x} \, 1.2 \, \mathrm{m}$ 

#### **\$27.00 LIMEQUAT**

A limequat (Citrus x floridana) is a fruiting tree that is a hybrid between a kumquat and a key lime. It is more cold tolerant than most lime trees, but a little less so than most kumquats. It can usually survive temperatures as low as -6 C and it can sometimes survive as cold as -12 C. It is mostly a heat loving plant that thrives in tropical and subtropical

\$26.00

\$24.00

Position and care - Plant in full sun in a warm position sheltered from wind and frost. Avoid clay soils or very wet sites by planting higher on a mound to aid drainage, and by incorporating plenty of compost at time of planting.

climates. It is native to Florida, where it is used to make limequat pie. It is a relatively small tree, usually reaching no taller than 1.5-2.5m. Limequat trees perform well in most types of soil and prefer full sun to partial shade. An ideal spot will protect the tree from the hot sun in summer and the cold wind in winter.

#### **CHERRIES**

#### CHERRY DAWSON

Dawson is a delicious eating cherry with firm red flesh encased in a rich black skin. Fruit is of medium size. Tree habit is upright and spreading. Best with a pollinator, such as Compact Stella, Lapins or Stella. Ripens mid-late December

## CHERRY GRIOTELLA (TART)

Stunning white spring blossoms produce bright red fruit in summer. A Morello tart type used for Kirsch, tarts and preserves. A smaller stature tree growing to about 2m tall.

#### CHERRY MONTMORENCY (TART)

The most widely grown sour cherry in the USA, these cherries are great for cherry pie and juice. Bright red skin with white flesh. Amorelle-type cherry with clear juice. Ripens between Christmas and New Years. Requires 700 chilling hours for fruit set. Sour/Tart. Self-fertile. It can also serve as a polliantor for sweet cherries.

#### **CHERRY ROSANN**

A rain tolerant pre-Christmas cherry. Pollinates readily with Stella or any other self-fertile flowering at same time.

#### **CHERRY TANGSHE**

Early, self-fertile variety producing well in mild climates around December. It produces large crops of firm, juicy fruit

#### \$42.00 CHERRY DUAL LAPINS/DAWSON

Lapins: An old Canadian variety with large, dark-red, juicy firm-fleshed fruit. Self-fertile. Ripens late January. This is a low chill variety and will fruit in areas that don't get regular frosts. Dawson: A delicious eating cherry with firm red flesh encased in a rich black skin. Fruit is of medium size. Tree habit is upright and spreading. Best with a pollinator. Ripens mid-late December

#### \$45.00 CHERRY LAPINS (SWEET)

An old Canadian variety with large, dark-red, juicy firm-fleshed fruit. Self-fertile. Ripens late January. This is a low chill variety and will fruit in areas that don't get regular frosts.

#### \$45.00 CHERRY RAINER

Large, super sweet, white/yellow fruit with red blush and white flesh. Ripening early to mid season. Requires 700 chilling hours to set fruit. Pollenators include Compact Stella, Lapins or Stella.

#### \$45.00 CHERRY STELLA

The first true self-fertile sweet cherry. This prolific and regular bearer produces large sweet, dark red fruit and also happens to be a great pollinator. Ready mid season, fruit requires 700 chilling hours to set.

## \$45.00

\$45.00

\$68.00

\$45.00

\$45.00

#### **FEIJOA**

#### FEIJOA ANTOINETTE

Feijoa Antoinette produces heavy crops of medium to large fruit with semismooth green skin. Sweet juicy mild aromatic flavour with flesh that is smooth and soft. A small to medium tree that is semi upright. Covers well in flowers. Not overly vigorous but a strong grower, reaching a height and width of around 4m.

## FEIJOA DENS CHOICE

Moderately compact easy to manage. Medium to large fruit. Early season fruiting. Strong aromatic flavour with good sugar-acid balance. Medium to large sized fruit, oval in shape, light green smooth skin. Strong aromatic flavour with good sugar-acid balance. Medium vigour tree moderately compact and easy to manage. Early season fruiting (April-May)

#### FEIJOA WHITE GOOSE

Large, vigorous growing Feijoa produces a heavy crop of large fruit (generally averaging around 90g) with semismooth light green skin. around April-May. To extend the fruiting season and improve pollination, grow with a mid to late season variety. Trims up to a great hedge. Evergreen. Hardy.

#### \$26.00 FEIJOA APOLLO

Apollo fruit are medium to large size with excellent flavour, Early season. Partially self fertile, so will produce some fruit if planted alone, but will produce larger crops of bigger fruit if planted with another variety nearby. Vigorous upright growth habit.

#### **FEIJOA TRIUMPH** \$26.00

Triumph produces medium sized fruit with firm skin and good flavour. Slightly gritty, juicy and moderately soft flesh. Late season.

#### FIG

\$26.00

## FIG BROWN TURKEY

Fast growing, self-fertile, deciduous tree growing approximately 3-5 m tall, bearing masses of tasty fruit throughout the warmer months. Large fruit with rich flavour and pink flesh. Will bear two crops a year, early Summer and Autumn. Prefers a light, well drained, neutral soil in full sun.

#### \$36.95 FIG CANDY

Adriatic type. Heavy producer of medium sized, bell shaped green/yellow skinned fruit. Deep red flesh, rich and sugary. Habit-Forms a round top spreading tree up to 5m. Deep lobed green leaves. Size - 3m x 5m. Pollination-No pollination required as the fruit with the flower inside. Harvest- in April when the ripest fruit starts to fall or the birds start to eat.

\$26.00

\$26.00

\$25.00

#### FIG FRENCH

Large fruit with dark green skin and succulent pale pink flesh. Heavy cropper. Later fruiting.

#### FIG MALTA

The Malta Black fig has a dark skin that is protective and thick with a closed eyed which helps stand up to rain and humid conditions. This sought after variety produces medium sized fruit with deep red pulp and very sweet flavor.

Habit: Round top spreading tree. Figs will begin to bear fruit after 3-5 years. Size: 4-5m. Pollination: No pollination required. Harvest: Main crop early to mid - March.

#### FIG MRS WILLIAM

Good quality large fig that is earlier than most. Fruit is dark in colour, sometimes purple. Flesh is light amber to rich red.

#### \$25.00 FIG PANACHE

Small to medium sized fruit with green/yellow strips. Very decorative. Sweet cherry red flesh. Concial shaped fruit. Ideal for hot growing areas. Late harvest. Habit: Large round top compact tree. Figs will begin to bear fruit after 3-5 years. Size: 3m x 5m. Pollination: No pollination required as the fruit with the flower inside. Harvest: In April when the ripest fruit starts to fall or the birds start to eat.

#### **GRAPE**

#### **GRAPE ALBANY SURPRISE**

Grape Albany Surprise is a heavy cropper in mid to late season (approx. April). Medium-sized bunches of large, juicy, aromatic and spicy bluish-black berries with a jelly texture. Hardy and disease resistant. Suitable for wine production.

## **GRAPE BLACK DALMATION**

Originally from an old Dalmatian orchard in Kohukohu, where they show natural disease resistance. Large black dessert grape, strong musky flavour and lots of tannin. Ripens in late March

#### **GRAPE CANDICE SEEDLESS**

Bunches of red grapes with excellent delicate flavour. Seedless. Deciduous woody vines known to live for 70 years and are moderately fast growing. Large deeply lobed leaves. Good disease resistance and cold hardy.

#### \$22.00 **GRAPE BISHOP POMPALLIER**

A grape from Bishop Pompallier's own plantings in Northland. A diseaseresistant large, black, sweet and delicately flavoured grape. Ripens early March.

#### \$29.95 **GRAPE BUFFALO**

Buffalo, a productive, Concord-type grape, is a great choice for making juice and for eating fresh from the vine. Large clusters of reddish black, slipskin grapes with exceptional aroma and flavor are ready at least a week before Concord.

#### \$22.00 **GRAPE KYOHO**

A delicious table Grape that is very popular in Japan mainly as the Grapes are HUGE and very, very sweet. Blackpurple in colour, ripe early autumn. Slip skin variety. Plant in a sunny well drained spot. Prune in winter after leaf fall. Deciduous.

\$25.00

\$25.00

\$29.95

\$22.00

\$29.95

#### **GRAPE NEW YORK MUSCAT**

A dessert variety that has a very sweet flavour and may be used to make wine. Produces medium sized reddish-blue berries. Hardy and disease resistant.

#### \$29.95 GRAPE NIAGRA

The Niagra grape is a delicious, sweet, green table grape. Delicious to eat straight off the bush. The kids will love it. Not seedless. Self-fertile.

Habit - Deciduous woody vines known to live for 70 years and are moderately fast growing. Large deeply lobed leaves.

Very Hardy. Size - Height of 1.2-3.5m and a spread of 2.5m. Bunches of small green flowers borne on current seasons growth. Adverse conditions at time of flowering (cold and wind) could result in low fruit numbers or dropped fruit.

Harvest - Early season (late February to mid March).

#### **GRAPE SCHUYLER**

Jet-black, medium-sized bunches with a good flavour juiciness, and sweetness. Regular heavy cropper. Self-thinning. This vine has the added bonus of spectacular red autumn foliage. Great disease-resistance. Not seedless. Ripens February/March.

\$29.95

#### **GUAVA**

#### **GUAVA RED CHERRY**

White powder-puff like flowers appear in late spring on the current seasons growth. Flowers are pollinated by insects and birds. The red fruit about 2.5cm round, are sweet and tangy. The skin is deep red when ripe. The flesh is aromatic, juicy with small edible seeds. Habit-Smaller tree, can be moderately vigorous. Compact habit. Mature trees have attractive reddish-brown peeling bark. Glossy dark green leaves. Evergreen. New growth is reddish-bronze.

Size - Small tree from 2-4 metres.
Pollination - Self-fertile
Harvest - Fruit is best picked when fully
ripe. It should be fully coloured and
slightly soft to touch. April through to
June/July.

#### \$20.00 GUAVA YELLOW CHERRY

White powder-puff like flowers appear in late spring on current seasons growth. Flowers are pollinated by insects and birds. Yellow skinned fruit are larger, pale yellow with sweet flesh. The flesh is aromatic, juicy with small edible seeds. Habit-Smaller tree, can be moderately vigorous. Compact habit. Mature trees have attractive reddish-brown peeling bark. Glossy dark green leaves. Evergreen. New growth is reddish-bronze. Size - Small tree from 2-4 metres. Pollination - Self-fertile Harvest - Fruit is best picked when fully

Harvest - Fruit is best picked when fully ripe. It should be fully coloured and slightly soft to touch. April through to June/July.

#### **NECTARINE**

\$22.00

\$20.00

#### **NECTARINE CRIMSON BABY**

An attractive nectarine with a pretty red overcoat. Sometimes lightly dusted with speckles. Good early ripening nectarine. Medium chill variety. Self fertile

#### \$46.00 NECTARINE FANTASIA

An excellent late cropper of large, attractive fruit with good flavour. Skin bright-red over yellow flesh. Lower chilling requirement than other varieties. Great for dessert or bottling. Freestone. Ripens February/March. Self fertile

#### **NECTARINE GOLDMINE**

Medium sized white-fleshed freestone fruit that is juicy and sweet. Mid season. An old favourite variety which is very productive. Tree is vigorous.

#### \$46.00 **NECTARINE MAYGLO**

A very early variety with bright red skin and pale yellow flesh. Good flavour, firm and juicy. A vigorous tree that is heavy cropping. Prefers a sunny position with fertile soil that is moist and free-draining. Self fertile

### NECTARINE NECTAR BABE (DWARF)

Sweet, yellow, juicy, freestone flesh. Deep pink blossom. Low chilling requirement so good for warmer areas. Best planted with Honey Babe or near another nectarine or peach to aid pollination.

#### \$46.00 NECTARINE REDGOLD

A large, proven late season nectarine with a sweet flavour, rivalling some peach varieties. Deep red skin with gold blush and a deep yellow flesh that easily separates from the stone

#### **NECTARINE SNOW QUEEN**

Delicious creamy-white firm flesh with deep red skin. Great eating. Early, large and freestone.

#### \$46.00 NECTARINE SUMMERBLUSH

Deep red colour, with large, uniform size. A late seaosn variety with maturity 24 days after Fantasia. Self fertile

## **NECTARINE TASTY GOLD**

This Nectarine has large freestone fruit with a mainly red skin. The yellow flesh is has an excellent texture and taste. The fruit will hold well on the tree after ripening for up to 14 days. Plant in a sunny well drained position. Ripens from January Self Fertile. Deciduous.

\$46.00

#### **OLIVE**

#### **OLIVE LECCINO**

Superb Tuscan oil selection. Performing well in most parts of New Zealand. Healthy and vigorous plants especially tolerant of the cold once established. Pollinators include Pendolino & Eamp; Frantoio.

#### \$26.00 OLIVE MANZANILLA

Famous Spanish dual purpose variety. Early and prolific bearer. Excellent texture and great eating. Small spreading tree. Best not subjected to hard frosts or cold weather. Pollinators include Frantoio.

## **OLIVE PICUAL**

Spanish cultivar. Heavy yield of medium sized fruit produced early in the season. Attractive, fast growing tree. Not suitable for humid regions. It's size can be maintained at 4m x 3m. Olive trees are wind pollinated, with the pollen moving

\$26.00

\$26.00

\$46.00

\$46.00

\$46.00

\$46.00

20 - 30 metres from tree to tree. Some varieties are self fertile, but all will benefit from a pollinator. If planting specifically for pickling the fruit, choose a series of varieties that are all suitable for pickling so that harvesting is simplified.

Harvest: Olives for oil production are harvested when black, but for pickling, some varieties are picked when changing from green to greenish yellow, and others are picked when turning black. Picual is suitable for both pickling and oil production.

#### **PASSIONFRUIT**

#### PASSIONFRUIT BLACK BEAUTY

Flowers 5-8cm across are white and purple, an attraction in themselves. Formed on current season's wood and will flower in the first year. The life expectancy of a plant is 4 - 7 years. Eggshaped, 4-7.5 cm dark purple fruit with a yellow-orange juicy aromatic flavoured pulp filled with small black seeds.

#### \$12.00 PASSIONFRUIT GOLDEN PASSION

Stunning evergreen vine with shiny, deep green leaves and attractive white flowers. Heavy yield of roundish, green to yellow fruit with juicy, sweet flavour. The Pavlova is waiting! Packed with proteins, carbohydrates and vitamin A. Harvest in autumn. Self fertile. For quick establishment, plant in spring in a warm, sunny position with excellent drainage and plenty of organic matter. Mulch after planting to support a healthy root system. Provide a frame for climbing. Protect from frosts. Passionfruit are heavy feeders in the growing season, therefore feed in spring and again in summer. Prune in spring to encourage new fruiting growth.

#### **PEACHES**

#### PEACH BLACK BOY

Dark red/black skin. Red, whitestreaked sweet, juicy flesh. A popular variety for eating fresh and bottling. Late season and self-fertile. Can take up to 6 years to fruit.

#### PEACH GORDONS GLORY

Clingstone peach with similar flesh and flavour to Golden Queen. Very productive. Chosen for its resistance to Leaf Curl. Ripens in March.

#### \$45.00 PEACH BONANZA (DWARF)

Yellow freestone peach with red blush. Large, sweet fruit, low in acid, with a mild, refreshing flavour. Highly attractive in both blossom and fruit.

#### \$45.00 PEACH HIAWAITHIA

Attractive peach tree with deep-purple leaves and pink blossoms. Purpleskinned fruit with orange flesh and good flavour. Pink blossoms from late-winter to late-spring. Excellent fresh eating, mid-summer ripening, and self-fertile. Regular cropper.

\$12.00

\$45.00

\$45.00

PEACH JUNE LADY Yellow-skinned, yellow melting flesh. Early variety. Self-fertile.	\$45.00	PEACH MELLOW YELLOW Red skin. orange/yellow flesh. Self- fertile.	\$45.00
PEACH REDHAVEN Golden yellow skin with red blush. Sweet, firm yellow flesh. Early to Mid Season. Self-fertile.	\$45.00	PEACH RICH LADY Dark red skin. Orange/yellow, sweet, slightly acidic flesh. Self-fertile.	\$45.00
PEACH ROMESTAR Red blush over yellow/orange background skin. Bright yellow, melting, slightly acidic flesh. Self-fertile.	\$45.00	PEACH SCARLETT OHARA Scarlet red skin. Crisp, crunchy, flavourful white flesh. Self-fertile.	\$45.00
PEACH SPRING WHITE Light red on white background skin. White, firm, sweet flesh. Early season. Self-fertile.	\$45.00	PEACH WHITE ELBERTA Golden yellow, red blushed skin. White, firm, sweet flesh. Self-fertile, mid- season peach.	\$45.00
PEACHCOT Reputed to be a peach/apricot cross. Golden late season fruit that are very sweet and tasty with a firm, meaty texture. An attractive red blush on the skin develops on the sun-exposed side of the fruit. Late season variety.	\$49.00	PEACHERINE HEALIES Nectarine/Peach cross. Sweet, juicy, yellow flesh. Self-fertile. Flowers late- summer/early autumn.	\$46.00
PEARS			
	PEA	RS	
PEAR BEURRE BOSC Superb quality eating brown pear with sweet and juicy large fruit. Taste develops after 3-4 weeks in the refrigerator. Regular and heavy mid season cropper. Tree is vigorous and upright that spreads. Has high chilling requirements to set fruit.	<b>PEA</b> \$46.00	PEAR CONFERENCE Long necked green fruit with some russeting and good juicy flavour. Mid season. Partially self fertile. A great choice for home gardens. Tree is moderately vigorous and partly spreading. Pollination assisted by Packham's Triumph	\$46.00 SOLD OUT
Superb quality eating brown pear with sweet and juicy large fruit. Taste develops after 3-4 weeks in the refrigerator. Regular and heavy mid season cropper. Tree is vigorous and upright that spreads. Has high chilling		PEAR CONFERENCE Long necked green fruit with some russeting and good juicy flavour. Mid season. Partially self fertile. A great choice for home gardens. Tree is moderately vigorous and partly spreading. Pollination assisted by	SOLD

Packhams Triumph, and Winter Nelis.

#### PEAR PACKHAMS TRIUMPH

Super all purpose variety. Large fruit in mid-season and a good keeper. Heavy and reliable bearer. Slow growing. Has high chilling hours needed to set fruit

#### PEAR TAYLORS GOLD/STARKRIMSON

Taylor's Gold has russet skin with tender, juicy, sweet flesh. Starkrimson has golden yellow, red-streaked skin with medium-firm, crisp, sweet white skin. Requires cross-pollination with varieties like Beurre Bosc, Winter Cole, and Winter Nelis. Avaible mid-spring through summer.

# PEAR WILLIAMS BON CHRETIEN (BARTLETT)

Also known as the Bartlett Pear. Large long necked, green-yellow fruit, that is ideal for eating and bottling. Fruit will naturally fall in February and will keep up to 3 months. Early season. Pollinators include Beurre Bosc, Winter Nelis, Winter Cole, Conference, and Doyenne du Comice. White blossoms in spring.

#### PEAR WINTER NELIS

Green skin with red russet patches. Buttery rich flesh. Requires crosspollination with varieties like Beurre Bosc, Winter Cole, and Winter Cole.

#### \$46.00 PEAR SECKEL

Small gourmet pear. Exceptional flavour with creamy white, sweet juicy flesh. Ideal for home gardens. Partially self fertile. Fireblight resistant.

\$46.00

\$70.00

\$46.00

\$18.00

#### \$70.00 PEAR TAYLORS GOLD/WINTER NELIS

Taylor's Gold has russet skin with tender, juicy, sweet flesh. Winter Nelis has green skin with red russet patches. Buttery rich flesh. Requires crosspollination with varieties like Beurre Bosc, Winter Cole, and Winter Cole.

#### \$46.00 PEAR WINTER COLE

Russet skin and sweet, melting, white flesh. Late Season. Requires crosspollination with varieties like Beurre Bosc, Taylor's Gold, and Winter Nelis.

\$46.00

#### **PEPINO**

## PEPINO RUBY ™

Pepino is a "recent" discovery from Peru and Chile where it is often prepared more as a vegetable rather than a fruit. The potential for improvement by breeding has been explored by HortResearch with a wide range of forms currently being under evaluation. The plant is not known in the wild, and the details of it origin are not known. Purple elongated fruit approximately 12cm long when mature. The fruit is juicy with a mild flavour and crisp texture.

Habit - Ideal for container grown. A small vigorous bush, that flowers during spring and summer and fruits heavily from December until the first frost.

Size - Compact plant 60cm x 60cm.

Pollination- Self fertile

#### \$18.00 PEPINO EL CAMINO

Pepino is a "recent" discovery from Peru and Chile where it is often prepared more as a vegetable rather than a fruit. The potential for improvement by breeding has been explored by HortResearch with a wide range of forms currently being under evaluation. The plant is not known in the wild, and the details of it origin are not known. The medium to large egg-shape fruit turns yellow with purple stripes when ripe. The pepino has a taste that is similar to a cucumber, cantaloupe, and a honeydew melon.

Habit - A small vigorous bush, that flowers during spring and summer and fruits heavily from December until the first frost.

Harvest-Summer through to late Autumn

How to Eat - Because pepino flesh is sweet and tasty, it provides a welcome addition to many desserts, side dishes, and health-conscious meals.

Additionally, it is an interesting addition to many party fruit platters because of its unique, dual colour skin.

Size - The pepino plant, is a small bush that resembles a tomato vine and which grows to approximately 1 metre in height and width.

Pollination-Self fertile.

Harvest - Summer through to late

Landscape Value - This plant would be ideal in a container on the deck where it will flower and fruit heavily.

Alternatively plant in the garden where the flowers and fruit can be admired all spring/summer and autumn.

How to Eat - Because pepino flesh is sweet and tasty, it provides a welcome addition to many desserts, side dishes, and health-conscious meals.

Additionally, it is an interesting addition to many party fruit platters because of its unique, dual colour skin.

#### **PLUMS**

#### PLUM ANGELINO

Purple-blue color with sweet, juicy, yellow flesh. Produces fruit in March. Pollinators include Fortune and Santa Rosa.

#### \$45.00 PLUM BLACK AMBER

Flat, round, medium-large fruit with purple/black skin. Flesh is pale-cream with a red stain from the skin, increasing as the fruit ripens. Firm, juicy good flavour. Self fertile in Canterbury, although 'Santa Rosa' will improve fruit set. Clingstone and stores well. Ripens February/March.

#### PLUM BILLINGTON

Dark-red skin and flesh. Self-fertile. Heavy cropping early-mid summer.

### \$45.00 PLUM FORTUNE

A huge, round, bright garnet red plum with aromatic amber flesh. Very meaty, sweet and juicy. Japanese variety. Mid season.

#### PLUM FREEDOM

Dark-red skin with firm, juicy, yellow flesh. Crop ripens February. Requires pollination by other varieties like Billington and Santa Rosa.

#### \$42.00 PLUM HEARD CHERRY

Heard Cherry Plum is an early maturing plum that is ready from about December onward. Considered highly suitable for jam making and in preference to fresh

#### PLUM LUISA

Yellow-skinned with yellow, sweet, juicy flesh. Self-fertile.

## \$45.00 PLUM OMEGA

Green and red skinned. Red-fleshed, sweet, juicy flesh. Partly self-fertile, though best to pollinate with varieties like Billington. Ripens February/March.

#### PLUM PERNEL CHERRY

Cherry Plum 'another small early plum only suitable for jam making, probably

#### \$45.00 PLUM PURPLE KING

Purple-skinned with sweet, juicy, yellow flesh. Mid Season. Pollinators include Billington and Omega. \$45.00

\$45.00

\$45.00

\$45.00

\$45.00

named from a Hawkes Bay orchard, said to pollenize 'Black Doris' and 'Omega

#### PLUM RED BEAUTY

Red Beauty plum is an early variety, which initiates the market. It is juicy, has a red skin with yellow flesh and a mild sweet and sour taste

#### \$45.00 PLUM RUBY QUEEN

Highly productive variety with dark red/black skin and firm red flesh. Fruit is sweet and juicy. Good disease resistance so this variety is great for organic growing and for humid conditions. Late ripening.

#### PLUM SATSUMA

Blood red plum with juicy sweet red flesh. Medium size, mid season. Ideal eating, bottling, jams, jellies etc. Japanese variety. Partially self-fertile.

#### \$45.00 **PLUM SHIRO**

A great small, very hardy tree with fruit that can be cooked now or frozen for later. Fruit are large, golden, sweet and juicy and produced early in the season. Best pollinated by Santa Rosa.

#### **PLUM SULTAN**

Large, oval, plums with deep red skin and red flesh. Juicy and highly flavoured. A vigorous tree that bears reliable, heavy crops. Fruit ripens around January.

#### \$45.00 PLUM TOWRICK

Has medium sized fruit that are almost round in shape with an even purple skin and blue bloom and the flesh is firm, dark red and juicy. Ready to harvest in March. A late season variety that is semiclingstone. Would need to be pollinated by another variety of plum such as Santa Rosa or Luisa

#### PLUM VICTORIA SINCLAIR

An old English plum with red mottled skin. Yellow to green coloured flesh. Heavy cropper, hardy and self fertile. Skin turns a dark purple colour when ripe. Great for eating fresh or making jam. Prefers a sunny, well drained position.

### \$45.00 PLUM VICTORY

This European plum has large, firm, 'blue' skinned fruit of good quality. The flesh is yellow and very sweet. Matures quite late in the season towards the end of March. Very productive. Pollinate with 'Italian Prune' or 'Stanley'. Deciduous.

#### PLUMCOT SPRING SATIN

A plum-apricot cross, which combines the spritely plum flavour with the sweetness of apricot. The large reddishblack skinned fruit has golden flesh that is very sweet and flavoursome. An early season variety. Cross pollinates with any Japanese plum flowering at the same time, including Santa Rosa. A productive, semi-dwarf tree growing to 3m.

#### \$47.00 PRUNE ITALIAN

Dark purple skin with yellow flesh(turns red when cooked). Ripens around March, Self-fertile.

#### **POMEGRANATE**

#### POMEGRANATE EVERSWEET

These are deciduous shrubs that produce large, showy orange-red

#### \$18.00 POMEGRANATE GRANATUM

Pomegranate Granatum has spherical yellow/red fruit containing a pink, juicy

\$18.00

\$45.00

\$45.00

\$45.00

\$45.00

\$45.00

flowers from late spring and into summer. They are then followed by the sweet, red fruit that are virtually seedless. They are self-fertile and may be harvested in late autumn to early winter. Plant in a sheltered, sunny position where soils are fertile and freedraining. May be given a light prune to encourage new growth. Frost hardy.

POMEGRANATE WONDERFUL

Pomegranate Wonderful flowers over a long period from late spring through summer. Very large round dark purplered fruit with medium/thick rind. Deep red juicy, winey pulp with medium hard seeds. Habit: Stunning fruiting plant from Florida. First propagated in California in 1896. Deciduous compact tree, ideal for containerisation. Vigorous and productive. Glossy leaves and bright scarlet red flowers. Size:  $2 \times 3$  metres. Pollination: Self-fertile. Harvest: in late autumn/early winter, 5-7 months after flowering. Will not ripen after harvest.

pulp around the many seeds, with glossy leaves and bright scarlet red flowers. Habit: Deciduous tree, ideal containerised and long lived (200years) but slow growing. Size: 3 metres in height. Pollination: Flowers over a long period from late spring through summer. Self-fertile. Harvest: Late autumn/winter.

\$18.00

## QUINCE

#### QUINCE SMYRNA

Smyrna Quince is a very large bright yellow fruit with light yellow flesh. Attractive tree (or multi- stemmed shrub) with dark green foliage and very showy blossoms in late spring. Smyrna Quince stores longer than other varieties.

#### **QUINCE VAN DEMAN**

Fruit is large, oblong-pear shaped, bright yellow-orange. The flesh is pale yellow with a good, spicy flavour. Early ripening. Heavy bearing and hardier than most cultivars.

#### \$40.00 QUINCE TAIHAPE

This disease-resistant quince was developed from an old tree growing at the Brown Sugar Cafe in Taihape. The aromatic fruit have lemon-coloured flesh.

\$40.00 \$19.00

#### **RHUBARB**

#### RHUBARB GLASKINS

Early maturing Rhubarb with long slender stalks. Excellent all round variety that can be harvested lightly the first year by cutting the outer stalks

#### \$12.00 RHUBARB WINTER WONDER

Stems are green in summer and vivid red in winter. Excellent for harvesting in winter, but can be harvested year round. Young stems can be eaten raw.

\$12.00

\$40.00

allowing it to clump up for the next season. Plant 80cm apart with 2m between rows in a fertile drained sunny position. Thrives with a minimum of attention. Do not eat rhubarb leaves or feed to stock. PB3

Otherwise cook with sugar, stewed and made into crumbles and pies.

#### **TAMARILLO**

TAMARILLO Red Tamarillo, frost tender \$8.00